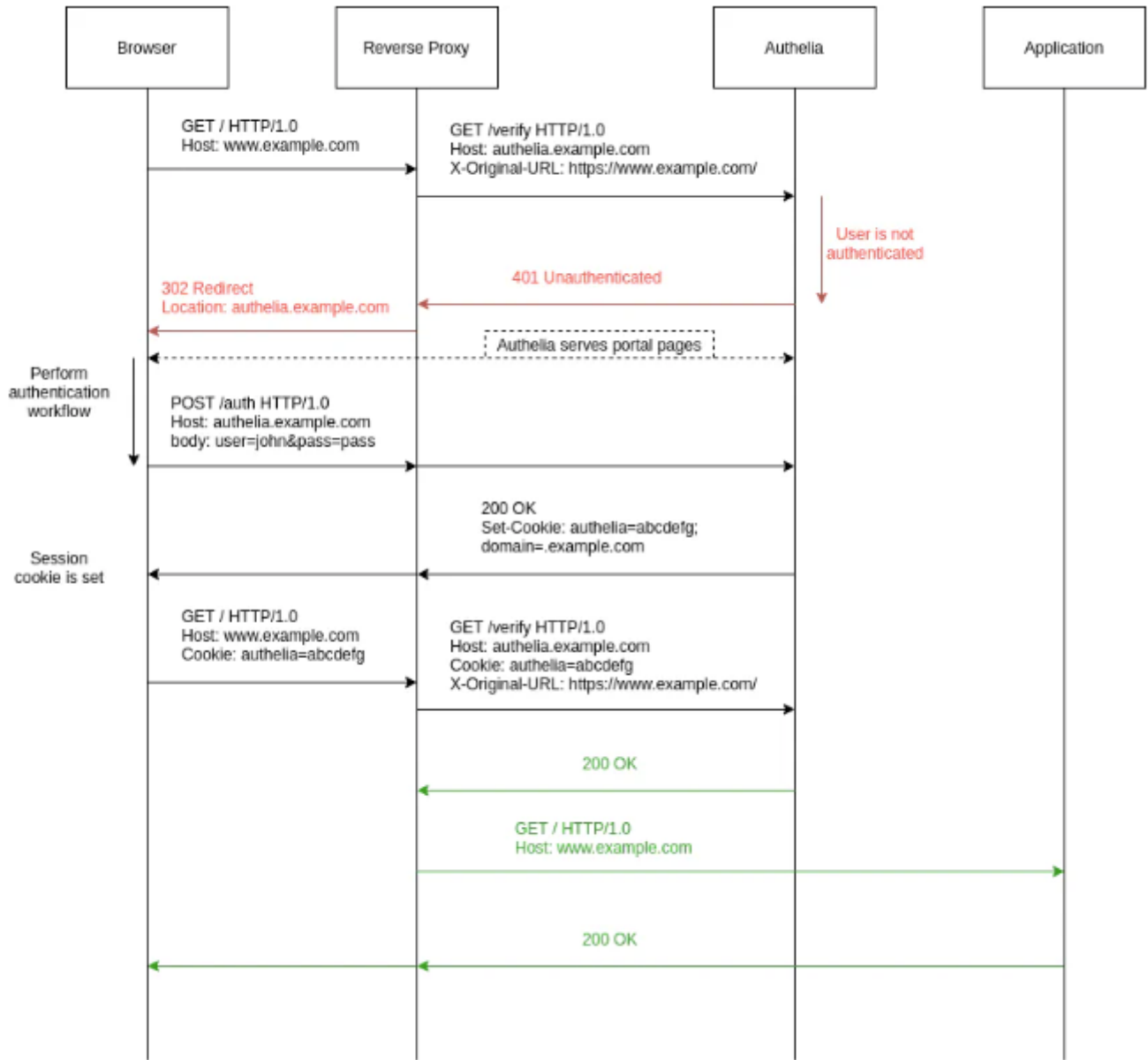


SSO Details

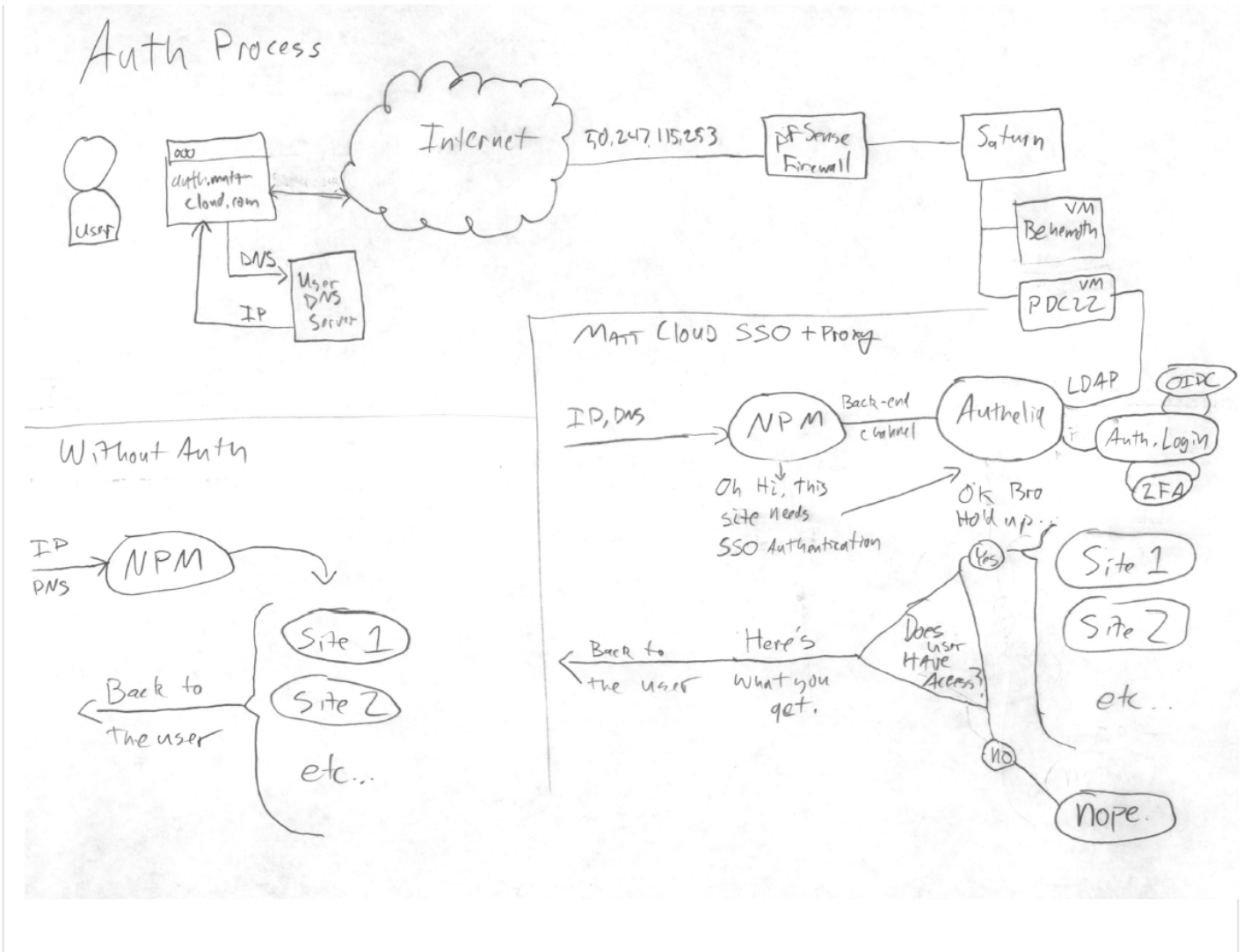
The SSO is handled by [Authelia](#), and a lot of my configs are based on [this page](#). It was pretty difficult to get this going, but now that it is I will give an overview of how it works. It is integrated with the proxy server so that when SSO protected domains are requested my proxy server hands the request off to Authelia for authentication. Authelia sets a cookie when you first log in, so if you've already logged in somewhere, it will just pass you through to the website. I also was able to cobble together OIDC integration with Authelia, and that is integrated with my audiobook site as well as this book stack site.

Here's a diagram of how the proxy, SSO, and containers interact. The **site** items with ovals are the docker containers with open ports that the proxy server would normally forward unfettered. On sites that need SSO, I add a big pile of code to the custom part of the NPM site config that tells it to finish up with Authelia. Then, Authelia does it's stuff based on the config file. The **nope** in the oval is the *forbidden* page that you see when you are logged into SSO and try to access a site that Authelia says **nope** to.

Here is Authelia's diagram of how they do stuff



Here is my diagram of how it works on Matt-Cloud.



For the terribly curious, here is a stripped out docker-compose.yaml and configuration.yml for authelia and the nginx configs.

```

docker-compose.yaml

services:

  authelia:
    container_name: authelia
    image: 'authelia/authelia'
    restart: always
    network_mode: bridge
    ports:
      - 9091:9091
    volumes:

```

- ./authelia-config:/config
- ./authelia-secrets:/secrets

authelia-redis:

container_name: authelia-redis

image: bitnami/redis:latest

volumes:

- ./authelia-redis:/bitnami/

environment:

REDIS_PASSWORD: "lolwtfbbqlolwtfbbq"

restart: always

network_mode: bridge

ports:

- 6379:6379

authelia-db:

image: postgres

container_name: authelia-db

restart: always

network_mode: bridge

volumes:

- ./authelia-db:/var/lib/postgresql/data

environment:

POSTGRES_DB: authelia

POSTGRES_USER: authelia

POSTGRES_PASSWORD: lolwtfbbqlolwtfbbq

ports:

- 5432:5432

configuration.yml

```
#####  
#####  
#           Authelia Configuration           #  
#####
```

#####

theme: dark

jwt_secret: "lolwtfbq!lolwtfbq"

default_redirection_url: https://auth.domain.com/

server:

host: 0.0.0.0

port: 9091

disable_healthcheck: false

log:

level: info

totp:

disable: false

issuer: 'auth.domain.com'

algorithm: 'sha1'

digits: 6

period: 30

skew: 1

secret_size: 32

allowed_algorithms:

- 'SHA1'

allowed_digits:

- 6

allowed_periods:

- 30

disable_reuse_security_policy: false

authentication_backend:

ldap:

address: 'ldap://pdc.domain.local:389'

implementation: 'activedirectory'

base_dn: 'OU=users,DC=domain,DC=local'

users_filter:

(&(|({username_attribute}={input})(mail_attribute={input}))(objectCategory=person)(objectClass=user)
)(!userAccountControl:1.2.840.113556.1.4.803:=2)(!pwdLastSet=0))

groups_filter: (&(member:1.2.840.113556.1.4.1941:={dn})(objectClass=group)(objectCategory=group))

```
group_name_attribute: cn
mail_attribute: mail
display_name_attribute: displayname
user: 'CN=LDAP Service,OU=Service,OU=users,DC=domain,DC=local'
password: 'lolwtfbbq'
disable_reset_password: true
```

```
access_control:
```

```
## just some simple example rules
```

```
default_policy: deny
```

```
rules:
```

```
## bypass rule
```

```
- domain:
```

```
  - "auth.domain.com"
```

```
  policy: bypass
```

```
- domain:
```

```
  - "*.domain.com"
```

```
resources:
```

```
  - "^/api([/?].*)?$"
```

```
  policy: bypass
```

```
## 2fa domain
```

```
- domain:
```

```
  - "2fa.domain.com"
```

```
  policy: two_factor
```

```
  subject:
```

```
    - "group:2FA-Users"
```

```
# Normal protection
```

```
- domain:
```

```
  - "secure.domain.com"
```

```
  policy: one_factor
```

```
  subject: "group:secure-users"
```

```
session:
```

```
name: authelia_session
```

```
domain: domain.com
```

```
same_site: lax
```

```
secret: "lolwtfbbqlolwtfbbq"
```

```
expiration: 30d
```

```
inactivity: 1d
```

remember_me_duration: 6M

redis:

host: 0.0.0.0

port: 6379

password: "lolwtfbbqlolwtfbbq"

database_index: 0

maximum_active_connections: 10

minimum_idle_connections: 0

regulation:

max_retries: 3

find_time: 10m

ban_time: 12h

storage:

encryption_key: 'lolwtfbbqlolwtfbbq'

postgres:

address: 'tcp://0.0.0.0:5432'

database: 'authelia'

schema: 'public'

username: 'authelia'

password: 'lolwtfbbqlolwtfbbq'

notifier:

disable_startup_check: false

smtp:

username: authelia@domain.com

password: "lolwtfbbqlolwtfbbq"

host: mail.domain.com

port: 587

sender: authelia@domain.com

identifier: authelia.domain.local

subject: "[Authelia] {title}"

startup_check_address: user@domain.com

disable_require_tls: false

disable_html_emails: true

tls:

skip_verify: false

minimum_version: TLS1.2

identity_providers:

oidc:

hmac_secret: lolwtfbq lolwtfbq # provide secure secret

issuer_certificate_chain: |

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

issuer_private_key: |

-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

lolwtfbq lolwtfbq

-----END PRIVATE KEY-----

access_token_lifespan: 1h

authorize_code_lifespan: 1m

id_token_lifespan: 1h

refresh_token_lifespan: 90m

enable_client_debug_messages: false

enforce_pkce: public_clients_only

cors:

endpoints:

- authorization
- token
- revocation
- introspection

allowed_origins:

- https://*.domain.com # adjust to your url

allowed_origins_from_client_redirect_uris: false

clients:

- id: domain-oidc

description: domain

secret: 'lolwtfbbqlolwtfbbq' # provide secure secret

sector_identifier: 'auth.domain.com'

public: false

authorization_policy: one_factor # may use two_factor to enforce 2FA

consent_mode: implicit

pre_configured_consent_duration: 6m

audience: []

scopes:

- openid
- groups
- email
- profile

redirect_uris: # adjust to your domains

- https://auth.domain.com/
- https://auth.domain.com/oauth2/callback
- https://audiobooks.domain.com/oauth2/callback
- https://audiobooks.domain.com/auth/login
- https://audiobooks.domain.com/user-settings
- https://audiobooks.domain.com
- https://audiobooks.domain.com/auth/openid/callback

grant_types:

- refresh_token
- authorization_code
- implicit

response_types:

- code

```
- id_token
response_modes:
  - form_post
  - query
  - fragment
userinfo_signing_algorithm: none
```

nginx-server

```
location / {
  set $upstream_authelia http://172.17.0.1:9091; # This example assumes a Docker deployment
  proxy_pass $upstream_authelia;
  client_body_buffer_size 128k;

  #Timeout if the real server is dead
  proxy_next_upstream error timeout invalid_header http_500 http_502 http_503;

  # Advanced Proxy Config
  send_timeout 5m;
  proxy_read_timeout 360;
  proxy_send_timeout 360;
  proxy_connect_timeout 360;

  # Basic Proxy Config
  proxy_set_header Host $host;
  proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
  proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
  proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Proto $scheme;
  proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Host $http_host;
  proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Uri $request_uri;
  proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Ssl on;
  proxy_redirect http:// $scheme://;
  proxy_http_version 1.1;
  proxy_set_header Connection "";
  proxy_cache_bypass $cookie_session;
  proxy_no_cache $cookie_session;
  proxy_buffers 64 256k;
```

```
# If behind a reverse proxy, forwards the correct IP, assumes you're using Cloudflare. Adjust IP for your
# Docker network.
set_real_ip_from 172.17.0.0/16;
set_real_ip_from 10.0.0.0/8;
real_ip_header X-Forwarded-For;
real_ip_recursive on;
}
```

nginx-client

```
location /authelia {
    internal;
    set $upstream_authelia http://0.0.0.0:9091/api/verify;
    proxy_pass_request_body off;
    proxy_pass $upstream_authelia;
    proxy_set_header Content-Length "";

    # Timeout if the real server is dead
    proxy_next_upstream error timeout invalid_header http_500 http_502 http_503;
    client_body_buffer_size 128k;
    proxy_set_header Host $host;
    proxy_set_header X-Original-URL $scheme://$http_host$request_uri;
    proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
    proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $remote_addr;
    proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Proto $scheme;
    proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Host $http_host;
    proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Uri $request_uri;
    proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Ssl on;
    proxy_redirect http:// $scheme://;
    proxy_http_version 1.1;
    proxy_set_header Connection "";
    proxy_cache_bypass $cookie_session;
    proxy_no_cache $cookie_session;
    proxy_buffers 4 32k;

    send_timeout 5m;
    proxy_read_timeout 240;
    proxy_send_timeout 240;
```

```
proxy_connect_timeout 240;
}

location / {
set $upstream_app $forward_scheme://$server:$port;
proxy_pass $upstream_app;

auth_request /authelia;
auth_request_set $target_url https://$http_host$request_uri;
auth_request_set $user $upstream_http_remote_user;
auth_request_set $email $upstream_http_remote_email;
auth_request_set $groups $upstream_http_remote_groups;
proxy_set_header Remote-User $user;
proxy_set_header Remote-Email $email;
proxy_set_header Remote-Groups $groups;

error_page 401 =302 https://auth.domain.com/?rd=$target_url;

client_body_buffer_size 128k;

proxy_next_upstream error timeout invalid_header http_500 http_502 http_503;

send_timeout 5m;
proxy_read_timeout 360;
proxy_send_timeout 360;
proxy_connect_timeout 360;

proxy_set_header Host $host;
proxy_set_header Upgrade $http_upgrade;
proxy_set_header Connection upgrade;
proxy_set_header Accept-Encoding gzip;
proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Proto $scheme;
proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Host $http_host;
proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Uri $request_uri;
proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Ssl on;
proxy_redirect http:// $scheme://;
proxy_http_version 1.1;
```

```
proxy_set_header Connection "";
proxy_cache_bypass $cookie_session;
proxy_no_cache $cookie_session;
proxy_buffers 64 256k;

set_real_ip_from 172.17.0.0/16;
set_real_ip_from 10.0.0.0/8;
real_ip_header X-Forwarded-For;
real_ip_recursive on;

}
```

Revision #12

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